The development of beam trip diagnostic system for BEPCII storagering

J.S. Cao Q.Y. Deng J.H. Yue Institute of High Energy Physics, CHINA



Introduction

- Examples
- BEPCII storage rings
- Bunch-by-bunch system
- Analysis results
 - RF trip
 - Magnet power instabilities
 - Beam instabilities

summary

The beam trip is an important problem for accelerator operation. It is the hot spot in research for knowing which system caused the beam trip. Because the accelerator system is very complicated, involves many subsystems, and various conditions are mixed together, so, it is difficult to get to the real cause for beam trip. At present, many accelerator all over the world has established a powerful beam trip diagnostic system, such as LHC, PEP-II, RHIC, TLS and so on.

Based on a variety of measurement tools, the Taiwan light source has developed a beam trip diagnostic system, it Includes a high speed data recorder, oscilloscope, BPM electronics (post mortem data) and the bunch by bunch feedback system.





KEKB beam trip diagnostic system can record a lot of beam information, including the beam intensity, beam loss detectors signal, RF signal, beam phase signal and signal of injection trigger.

- BESSY II: based on iGp electronics, The beam trip diagnosis is made.
- PEP II: based on the data of turn by turn BPM, and through the method of combining time domain and frequency domain, to analyze the beam trip.
- PETRA III: has established a perfect machine protection system, the system contains many subsystems, such as beam current measurement system, vacuum system, a temperature detection system, the beam position measurement system and orbit feedback system, RF system, power supply system, PPS and so on.

Beam trip in BEPCII storage ring

High beam current can cause the beam instability and make devices unstable, thus easily lead to the beam trip. Beam trip seriously affects the efficiency of the machine, also may cause damage to the hardware system. So, it is necessary for BEPCII to develop a diagnostic system for studying the beam trip.



Bunch-by-bunch system overview

Bunch-by-bunch position measurement prototype for BEPCII



BPM

Front end and sampling

- Sampling rate : RF frequency (~500MHz).
- large analogue bandwidth
- Achieve high isolation



$$I_{bunch} = k \sum (a + b + c + d)$$

$$Beam signal$$

$$Beam signal$$

$$Sampling clock$$

Ideal Sampling schematic

Front end and ADC schematic

Digital signal process

- 4GB DDR3 memory (2 second data)
- Write all sampling data to DDR
- Judge logic for beam trip in FPGA(Regardless of the oscillation):

$$I_{beem} = k \sum_{t_i}^{t_i + t_{rev}} (a + b + c + d)$$

system doesn' t need any trigger signal input

 lock the DDR data after beam trip then Transport the DDR data to computer



Beam trip research in BEPCII

\rightarrow Beam trip events

- → more than 300 beam trip events had been collected and analysis
- Many contrast experiment
- \rightarrow Beam trip analysis by bunch-by-bunch system













→Sum Signal change
→beam longitudinal phase changed violently
→ beam energy has changed

fast process ~200us (0.8us per turn)

The sum signal in the process of beam trip



No position change

No obvious Instability oscillation

RF trip

Conclusion

- The bunch current is uniform in the process of trip
- No obvious Instability oscillation
- No position change
- Iongitudinal phase changed →Beam energy change
 →RF trip!
- confirmation experiments
 - turn off the RF system manually

Almost all the beam trip events in BEPCII storage rings are accompanied with RF trip, or may say that will cause RF trip.

The online measurement results of beam trip—caused by RF trip



'n

500

1000

Turn NO

1500

2000



Bunch RMS/mm

100

Bucket NO.

150

200

0.03

0.025

0.02

0.015

0.01

0.005

50









Magnet power instability

- There is no fast monitoring system for magnet power.
- Magnet power failure
- Analysis the beam trip by Magnet power instability . Needed!



Magnet power instability: resonance



- The amplitude at 0.5 is very large
- The bunch current nonuniform in the process of beam trip

Whole process analysis

Magnet power instabilities: →Tune shift to half integer →Resonance, partial beam loss →RF trip, all beam loss



Magnet power instability

Position change Partial beam loss RF trip, all beam loss



The online measurement results of beam trip—caused by magnet power instability





Bunch RMS/mm

100

Bucket NO

150

200

1.8

16

12

0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2

50









Beam instabilities

- At high beam current condition
- Beam instabilities feedback system may work at critical state



Beam instabilities



Instabilities increase along bunch trains
 Tail bunches loss
 RF trip.

Beam instabilities



Compare to the data of 2 second before:

- Position no change
- Bunch tune(normal)

The online measurement results of beam trip—caused by beam instability





Advantage

- simple and stand alone.
- directly and accurately .
- RF trip and multi-bunch instabilities

Many aspects remains to be improved

- degree of automation
- perfect application functions

• ...

Thank you !

Thank you for your attention !